波防災対策や住民意識の 修」で尾鷲市を訪れ、 本での「総合津波防災研 担当官ら11人が1日 E 聞き取りなどに取り組ん

津波で、被害を受けたイ トラ沖地震のインド洋大 2004年12月のスマ

/ば市) の水害・リスク 研修は独立行政法 (茨城県(

マネジメント国際センタ I S D R (アイチャーム) の主 国連国際防災戦略 から全額資

金援助を受けて実施して 話していた。

チャームの田中茂信上席 待っていては間に合わな の意識を高めるため、 うことが必要になる」と 練を繰り返し繰り返し行 逃げることが重要。住民 い。地震が起きたらすぐ 究員は「地震の情報を

月4日まで紀伊半島の市 修。うち6月30日から了 対策先進地の日本で研 11日までの6週間、津波 イチャーム職員や通訳ら スリランカから11人とア 今年6月2日から7月 対策の話を聞いた。 ドマップを見ながら尾鷲 り、市天文科学館から市 19年に発生した東南海地 港まで歩き、尾鷲漁協会 震津波の体験や津波避難 議室で川原町自主防災会 街地を眺望。3班に分か れ、市が作成したハザー このあとも港町から市 午後から中村山に登 山西敏徳会長から昭和

防災センターまでタウン

津波被害の現地視察で市街地を望むインド洋 4 カ

(1日、尾鷲市天文科学館の屋上で)

Nankai Shimbun Wednesday, July 2, 2008

Tsunami Disaster Prevention Training

国の研修生

Eleven people from 4 Indian Ocean countries joined the program

of disaster group eleven management officials from four Indian Ocean countries which suffered devastating damage from the 2004 Off Sumatra Earthquake Tsunami are visiting the Owase City on July 1st to learn tsunami countermeasures and interview local residents for their disaster mitigation awareness as part of the Comprehensive Tsunami Disaster Prevention Training Course.

The training course is organized by the International Centre for Water Hazard and Risk Management (ICHARM) of the Public Works Research Institute (located in Tsukuba City, Ibaraki) and provided full financial support by the United Nations International Strategy for Disaster Reduction.

The group consists of a total of thirteen people, including eleven course participants from India, Indonesia, the Maldives and Sri Lanka, two ICHARM staff members and an interpreter

The participants will stay in Japan for six weeks from June 2 to July 11 to learn the country's advanced tsunami mitigation countermeasures. They will spend a week from June 30 to July 4 visiting several places in Kii Peninsula, including two-day training in Owase.

In Owase, the participants first visited the city's disaster management center and listened to a city official's presentation about Owase's earthouake and tsunami countermeasures. "It will be too late to escape if you wait for earthquake information to come from somewhere. It is extremely important to start leaving potentially hazardous areas the second you feel an earthquake. To raise public awareness towards disaster mitigation, you just have to repeat evacuation exercises over and over," Shigenobu Tanaka, team leader of ICHARM, emphasized adding to the presentation.

In the afternoon, the group went to the Owase Astronomical Observatory located on the Nakayama hill to take a full view of the downtown Owase. After that, they walked to the Owase port in

three teams using tsunami hazard maps the city has produced. At the Owase Fishery Association Office, Toshinori Yamanishi, head Kawaramachi voluntary disaster management group, spoke to them about his experience of the 1944 Tonankai Earthquake Tsunami as well his group's countermeasures.

から説明を受けた。アイ 取り組みについて市職員

市の地震・津波防災の

行は市防災センタ

市を訪れ、2日まで研修

Walking back from the port to the disaster management center, they worked on the "Town Watching" exercise and discussed their findings from the day's training at the hotel.

On the morning of July 2, each team will present discussion results at the disaster management center to conclude the training in Owase. The group will be heading for the next training site, Kushimoto Town in Wakayama Prefecture.

The trainees from four Indian Ocean countries take a full view of the downtown Owase as part of the on-site training on tsunami countermeasures (July 1: Owase Astronomical Observatory)

ープ発表があり、尾鷲市 ンターで研修成果のグル 2日午前中に市防災セ 視察先の和歌山県串本町 での研修を終える。次の

ウオッチングに取り組

この日の成果を討論し トホテルでグループ別に 宿泊のニューポー

2008年7月2日(水)



市職員色から防災について説明を受

ける研修生=尾鷲市防災センタ

Chunichi Shimbun Wednesday, July 2, 2008

Communicating Information, Most Important

Officials from Indian Ocean countries are visiting Owase to learn tsunami countermeasures

A group of government officials from countries which suffered devastating damage from the 2004 Off Sumatra Earthquake Tsunami are visiting the Owase City Hall on July 1st to 2nd to learn Owase's earthquake-tsunami countermeasures.

The officials are eleven people in total from India, Indonesia, the Maldives and Sri Lanka. They are currently participating in a training course organized by the Public Works Research Institute Ibaraki) to learn (Tsukuba City, countermeasures in Japan, one of the most advanced countries in earthquake and tsunami studies. They came to Japan in the early June and are visiting several municipalities throughout the country to see and learn about how they prepare for the next possible disasters.

In Owase, the group first went to the Owase Disaster Management Center and attended a lecture outlining the city's disaster management. A official emphasized the importance of information communication to residents in terms of disaster management and explained about the city's management radio communications systems and emergency earthquake news bulletins. Also, Toshinori Yamanishi, head Kawara-machi voluntary disaster management group, spoke to them about the damage caused by the 1944 Tonankai Earthquake Tsunami.

They are scheduled to make a town map with the Owase City officials to show its residents potentially dangerous spots in case of disaster. They will stay in the city until tomorrow.

[Photo]

An Owase city official explains to the trainees about the city's tsunami countermeasures. (the Owase disaster management center)

平成20年(2008年)7月2日 水曜日 (12)



Ise Shimbun Wednesday, July 2, 2008

Four-Nation Disaster Management Officials Visit Nishiki Tower

A group of eleven disaster management officials from India, Indonesia, the Maldives and Sri Lanka visited the Nishiki district of Taiki Town on July 1 as part of the Comprehensive Tsunami Disaster Prevention Training Course organized by the Public Works Research Institute (PWRI, located in Tsukuba, Ibaraki). The officials participating in this training course are all senior administrators back in their home countries. They were especially impressed with Nishiki residents' strong awareness towards disaster mitigation.

In the Nishiki district, the group visited the Nishiki Tower, constructed as a temporary evacuation shelter for residents, after receiving a lecture outlining Nishiki's tsunami countermeasures at the Nishiki branch office of Taiki Town. They earnestly listened to explanations by Shigenobu Tanaka, team leader of the International Centre for Water Hazard and Risk Management (ICHARM) of PWRI, and other staff.

Tanaka said, "They are particularly interested in how municipalities like Taiki Town promote public awareness toward disaster mitigation."

In this training course, PWRI invited those disaster management officials to Japan for six weeks. They will spend a week visiting several places in Kii Peninsula, such as Taiki Town and Owase City.

[Photo]

A trainee looks at the clock exhibited at the museum which shows a trace marked by a major tsunami in the past. (Nishiki Tower at Nishiki District, Taiki Town)

毎 日 新 聞

27 熊野 2008年(平成20年)7月2日(水)

04年インド洋大津波で被害 4 カ国政府関係者ら 尾鷲で総合防災研修



尾鷲市の地形について把握する津波防災研修生ら ――尾鷲市防災センターで 総合津波防災研修」を手にタウンウオ では独立行政法人 がと中の財際では がと中の関係者に では防潮扉があるのがで が大きりでは が大きりでは が大きりで がた。 で過去の炎害写真 がたまりて がた。 で過去の炎害写真 がたまりで がたりで がたまりで がたりで がたまりで がたりで がたまりで がたりで がた

Mainichi Shimbun July 2, 2008

Four-Nation Government Officials Visit Owase for Tsunami Countermeasures

A group of government officials from four countries which suffered devastating damage from the 2004 Off Sumatra Earthquake Tsunami are visiting the Owase City on July 1st to 2nd as part of the one-and-half-month Comprehensive Tsunami Disaster Prevention Training Course from June 3 to July 11.

The training course was proposed to the United Nations and implemented by the International Centre for Water Hazard and Risk Management (ICHARM) of the Public Works Research Institute (located in Tsukuba, Ibaraki). A total of eleven people from India, Indonesia, the Maldives and Sri Lanka are participating.

In Owase, the participants visited the city's disaster management center and had an

opportunity to look at photographs of past disasters and simulations of possible major tsunamis. They also conducted a "Town Watching" exercise, walking around parts of the city to check evacuation routes and sites with a disaster prevention map in their hands. In the harbor area, they checked tsunami protection gates and other structures, asking city officials many questions concerning the number of such gates along the coastal street and who manages the gates in case of tsunami.

Ujjwal Kumar, a foreign ministry official from India, commented after looking at Owase's tsunami countermeasures, "The city is well prepared with disaster prevention maps, tsunami simulations and other tools. I was really impressed with residents' strong awareness towards disaster mitigation."

[Photo]

The trainees look at the topography of Owase City. (Owase disaster management center)